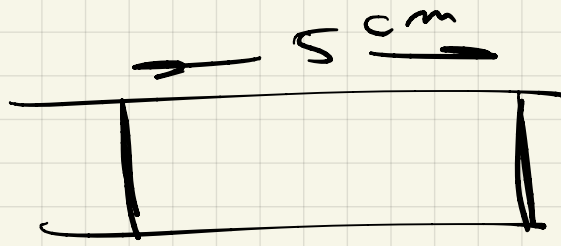


60546

1)

a



$$V = 5 \text{ cm} \frac{\pi (1)^2}{4} = 3.9 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\frac{dC}{d\tau} = kC$$

$$\frac{C}{C_0} = \exp(-k\tau)$$

$$\frac{1}{\tau} \ln \frac{C}{C_0} = -k$$

$$k = \ln \left(\frac{.006}{.01} \right) \frac{1.5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}}{3.9 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$a \quad k = .196/\text{s}$$

10 PO, NTS

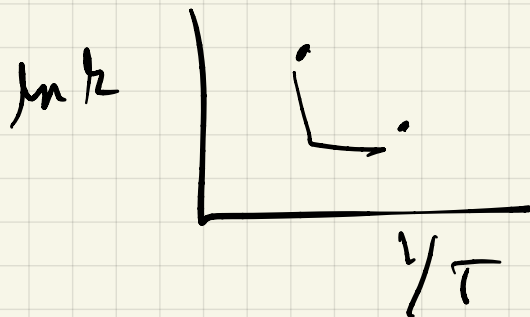
$$b) \quad k = A \exp\left(-\frac{EA}{RT}\right)$$

	k	$\frac{1}{T}$	$\ln k$
505	.196	.00198	-1.63
515	.27	.00194	-1.32
525	.49	.00190	-.71

b)

$$k = A \exp\left(-\frac{E_a}{RT}\right)$$

	k	$1/T$	$\ln k$
505	.196	.00198	-1.63
515	.27	.00194	-1.32
525	.49	.00190	-.71



$$\frac{(-1.63 - (-1.32))}{.00198 - .00194} = \frac{E_a}{R}$$

$$= 7750$$

$$E_a \sim 7750 \cdot 8.314$$

$$= 64.4 \text{ kJ/MOLE}$$

$$E_a = 120789$$

~ 80 $\frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{MOLE}}$?

A FIT OF
3 POINTS
 $\frac{E_a}{R} = 11,500$

$$k = A_0 \exp\left(-\frac{E_A}{2T}\right)$$

$$\ln k = \ln A_0 - \frac{E_A}{2T}$$

$$= 21 - 11434\left(\frac{1}{T}\right)$$

15

$$E_A = 95,000 \text{ J/mol}$$

c)

RECYCLE HIGH ENOUGH FOR
CSTR

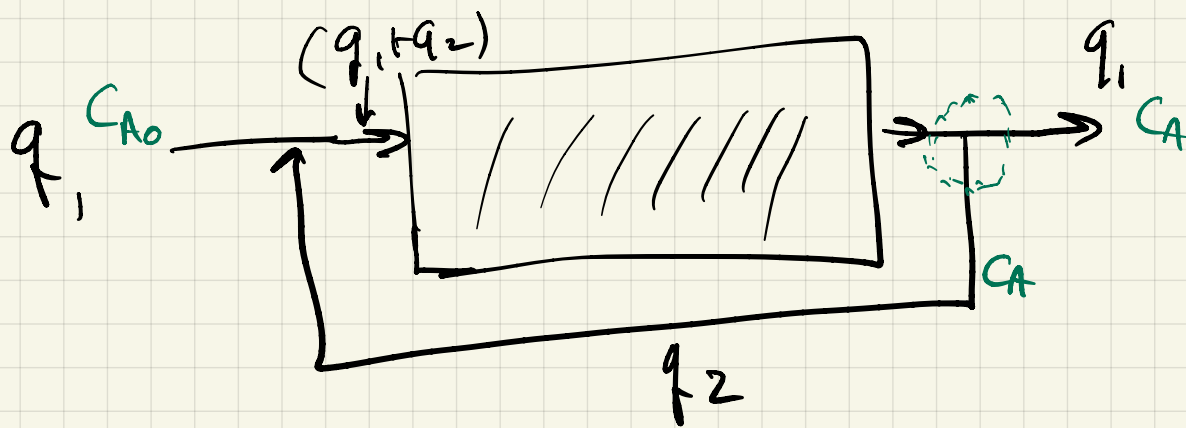
$$0 = qC_{A0} - qC_A - kC_A V$$

$$\frac{C_A}{C_{A0}} = \frac{1}{1 + kV/q}$$

$$= .66$$

10

$$C_A = .0066 \text{ mol/L}$$



$$q_2 = R q_1$$

$$C_A = C_{A_i} \exp(-k \tau)$$

$$\tau = \frac{V}{(R+1)q_1}$$

$$C_{A_i} = q_1 C_{A0} + R q_1 C_A$$

$$C_A = \frac{q_1 C_{A0} + R q_1 C_A}{q_1 (R+1)} \exp\left(-k \frac{V}{R+1 q_1}\right)$$

$$\text{HEAT REMOVAL} = \sum F_i C_{p_i} \Delta T - \frac{F_{A_0} \Delta H_r (f_{A_0} - S_A)}{V}$$

$$= \Delta H F_{A_0} \left(1 - \frac{0.026}{.01}\right)$$

$$F_{A_0} = \frac{1.5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}}{24.5 \text{ l/MOLE}} = .00006 \frac{\text{MOLE}}{\text{S}}$$

$$= \left(.00006 \frac{\text{MOLE}}{\text{S}}\right) (.4) (800 \text{ KJ/MOLE}) (.01)$$

$$d) 10 = .0002 \text{ KJ/S} = .2 \text{ W}$$

$$e) \frac{\Delta H}{\sum C_p} = \frac{(.01) (800 \text{ KJ/MOLE})}{(.31) (29 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{MOLE K}}) + (.69) (21 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{MOLE K}})}$$

10

$$= 340 \text{ K}$$

$$\int \text{CSTR} = \frac{\Delta H r}{\frac{\text{KJ}}{\text{MO}} \frac{\text{MOLE}}{\text{S}}} = \frac{800 (.196) (.0066) \text{ V}}{\frac{\text{S}}{245000 \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{MOLE}}}} \quad \downarrow 4 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= .17 \text{ J/S}$$

10

5 g) MASS & HEAT TRANSFER
RESISTANCE

10 j) $1 \rightarrow -1$

5 k)

l) $d_p = .1 \text{ cm}$, $D = .002 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$

$$\phi = \sqrt{\frac{(.1 \text{ cm})^2 (196) / \text{s}}{.002 \text{ cm}^2 / \text{s}}}$$

$$= .16$$

~ JUST KINETIC

$$\eta = \frac{\eta_p = .15}{.9} \quad 10\% \text{ DOD}$$

$$Re = \frac{\rho u_{St}}{\mu_f}$$

$$= \frac{(1 \text{ cm}) \frac{1.5 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}}{(\pi 1/4)} \left(\frac{.0012 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3} \right)}{(.01/50)}$$

$$= 1$$

$$f_f = \frac{150 (.63)}{1}$$

$$= 94.5$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{L} = \frac{(94.5) (.0012) \left(\frac{1.5}{\pi/4} \right)^2}{.1 \text{ cm}}$$

$$= 41 \text{ PASCA/mm}$$

VERY LOW.