Engineering:

Not just your mind, it is part of your heart as well!

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http://www.chemeprof.com/

OUTLINE

- Provide motivation for the "need" of engineers by society
- Give some insight into what "engineering" is as a profession and as an academic major
- Raise some issues that you may want to consider as you are deciding what to do in your future
- Some discussion of different engineering disciplines

Why be an Engineer?

- Why am I an engineer?

http://www.chemeprof.com/

Why be an engineer?

When I taught a "
students that I co
cool if they were
calculations

change. Dinosaurs
as shown in Jurassic

ght!

Introduction:

Gigantism in dinosa
it is hard to understa
of stress that the ske
the creature's own

$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \rightarrow 6CO_2$

~30 ADI

$$\frac{\partial T(x,t)}{\partial t} =$$

$$T(x,t) = \frac{2}{j=}$$

FANDANGO | MY ACCOUNT

CONFIRMATION #A0107945783

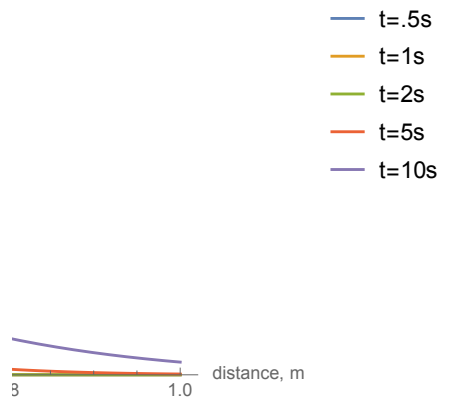
ENJOY YOUR MOVIE

Jurassic World: Fallen Kingdom The IMAX 2D Experience
2h 8m

Friday, June 22, 2018
7:30pm

AMC Navy Pier IMAX
700 E Grand Ave
Chicago, IL 60611
312-281-7095 | View Map

10



A lot of humans could have outrun Tyrannosaurus Rex and certainly escaped in a car CREDIT: GETTY CREATIVE

Why am I an engineer?

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1-JdqHxqkHA

Why be an engineer?

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JVKK4QxWSNo

Engineering combines knowledge of the basic physical (chemical, biological) laws with mathematical analysis.

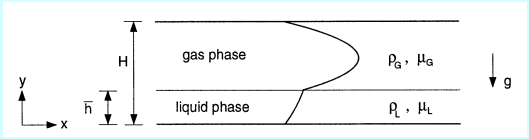
We endeavor to (and it is essential) that we use these calculations to predict how a device, system or phenomena will behave — before it is built!

There can be quite a bit of creativity in engineering — perhaps in deciding what "question" to ask or which problem to solve.

Many of these problems have a large impact on society!

Mathematical modeling can be complex

Geometry of interest



We will look at the linear stability problem for

- Steady flow
-
- Purely Oscillatory (Couette flow)

Gas-liquid flow interfacial stability problem

turbulence model: k-ε

Solve the base state with either a smooth or rough interface (try to match data).

then

Solve the differential stability problem the best we can

Liquid-phase: $0 \le y^* \le d_1$

$$\rho_1\left[\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial t^*} + u_j^*\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial x_j^*}\right] = -\frac{\partial p^*}{\partial x_i^*} + \rho_1 g^* \sin(\theta) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j^*}\left[(\mu_1 + \mu_t^*)(2s_{ij}^*)\right]$$

$$\rho_1\left[\frac{\partial k^*}{\partial t^*} + u_i^*\frac{\partial k^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i^*}\left[\left(\mu_1 + \frac{\mu_t^*}{\sigma_{ke}}\right)\left(\frac{\partial k^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right)\right] + \mu_t^*(2s_{ij}^*)\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial x_j^*} - \rho_1\varepsilon^* - 2\mu_1\left(\frac{\partial\sqrt{k^*}}{\partial x_i^*}\right)^2$$

$$\rho_1\left[\frac{\partial \varepsilon^*}{\partial t^*} + u_i^*\frac{\partial \varepsilon^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i^*}\left[\left(\mu_1 + \frac{\mu_t^*}{\sigma_\varepsilon}\right)\left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right)\right] + c_1 f_1 \mu_t^*\frac{\varepsilon^*}{k^*}(2s_{ij}^*)\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial x_j^*} + 2\mu_1\mu_t^*\left(\frac{\partial^2 u_i^*}{\partial x_j^* \partial x_i^*}\right)^2 - \rho_1 c_1 f_1\frac{\varepsilon^{*2}}{k^*}$$

Stability equations continued

Gas-phase: $d_1 \le y^* \le d_1 + d_2$

$$\rho_2\left[\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial t^*} + u_j^*\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial x_j^*}\right] = -\frac{\partial p^*}{\partial x_i^*} + \rho_2 g^* \sin(\theta) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j^*}\left[(\mu_2 + \mu_t^*)(2s_{ij}^*)\right]$$

$$\rho_2\left[\frac{\partial k^*}{\partial t^*} + u_i^*\frac{\partial k^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i^*}\left[\left(\mu_2 + \frac{\mu_t^*}{\sigma_{ke}}\right)\left(\frac{\partial k^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right)\right] + \mu_t^*(2s_{ij}^*)\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial x_j^*} - \rho_2\varepsilon^* - 2\mu_2\left(\frac{\partial\sqrt{k^*}}{\partial x_i^*}\right)^2$$

$$\rho_2\left[\frac{\partial \varepsilon^*}{\partial t^*} + u_i^*\frac{\partial \varepsilon^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i^*}\left[\left(\mu_2 + \frac{\mu_t^*}{\sigma_\varepsilon}\right)\left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon^*}{\partial x_i^*}\right)\right] + c_1 f_1 \mu_t^*\frac{\varepsilon^*}{k^*}(2s_{ij}^*)\frac{\partial u_i^*}{\partial x_j^*} + 2\mu_2\mu_t^*\left(\frac{\partial^2 u_i^*}{\partial x_j^* \partial x_i^*}\right)^2 - \rho_2 c_1 f_1\frac{\varepsilon^{*2}}{k^*}$$

Stability equations continued

k=1 (liquid-phase) $0 \le y \le 1$

k=2 (gas-phase) $1 \le y \le n_2 + 1$

$$\frac{(\hat{\rho}_k u'_{b,k})'}{m_k} + \left(\Gamma_{b,k}\hat{\phi}'_k\right)' - 2\alpha^2\left(\Gamma_{b,k}\hat{\phi}'_k\right) + \alpha^4\Gamma_{b,k}\phi_k = i\alpha R\frac{\rho_k}{m_k}\left\{(u_{b,k} - c)\left(\hat{\phi}''_k - \alpha^2\hat{\phi}_k\right) - u''_{b,k}\hat{\phi}_k\right\}$$

$$\frac{(\hat{\rho}_k k'_{b,k})'}{m_k} + \frac{\hat{\rho}_k u''_{b,k}}{m_k} + \Gamma_{b,k}\left(\hat{k}'_k - \alpha^2\hat{k}_k\right) + \Gamma_{b,k}\hat{k}_k + 2\frac{\hat{\rho}_{b,k}u'_{b,k}}{m_k}\left(\hat{\phi}'_k + \alpha^2\hat{\phi}_k\right) + \frac{k'_{b,k}}{k_{b,k}}\left(\frac{k'_{b,k}}{2k_{b,k}}\hat{k}_k - \hat{k}'_k\right)$$
$$= i\alpha R\frac{\Gamma_k}{m_k}\left\{(u_{b,k} - c)\hat{k}_k - k_{b,k}\hat{\phi}_k\right\}$$

$$\frac{(\hat{\rho}_k\varepsilon'_{b,k})'}{m_k} + \Gamma_{b,k}\Gamma_{b,k}\left(\hat{\varepsilon}'_k - \alpha^2\hat{\varepsilon}_k\right) + \Gamma'_{b,k}\hat{\varepsilon}_k + 2c_1 f_1\frac{\hat{\rho}_{b,k}u'_{b,k}}{m_k}\left(\hat{\phi}''_k + \alpha^2\hat{\phi}_k\right) + r_k Re_2 f_2\frac{\varepsilon_{b,k}}{k_{b,k}}\left(\frac{\varepsilon_{b,k}}{k_{b,k}}\hat{k}_k - 2\hat{\varepsilon}_k\right)$$
$$+ \frac{\left(u'_{b,k}\right)^2}{m_k}\left[c_1 f_1\frac{\varepsilon_{b,k}}{k_{b,k}}\left(\hat{\rho}_k + \hat{\varepsilon}_k - \frac{m_k\mu_{b,k}}{k_{b,k}}\hat{k}_k\right) + \frac{2m_k}{r_k R}\left(\hat{\rho}_k + 2\mu_{b,k}\hat{\phi}''_k\right)\right]$$
$$= i\alpha R\frac{\Gamma_k}{m_k}\left\{(u_{b,k} - c)\hat{\varepsilon}_k - \varepsilon_{b,k}\hat{\phi}_k\right\}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_k = c_{\mu,k} f_\mu r_k R\frac{k_{b,k}}{\varepsilon_{b,k}}\left(2\hat{k}_k - \frac{k_{b,k}}{\varepsilon_{b,k}}\hat{\varepsilon}_k\right)$$

Stability Equations cont.

Boundary conditions

$$\hat{\phi}_1 = \hat{\phi}_2 \qquad (3\text{-}18c)$$

$$\hat{\phi}'_1 + u_{b,1}\hat{f} = c\hat{h} \qquad (3\text{-}18d)$$

$$\hat{\phi}'_1 - \hat{\phi}'_2 = \hat{h}\left(u'_{b,1} - u'_{b,2}\right) \qquad (3\text{-}18e)$$

$$\hat{\phi}''_1 + \alpha^2\hat{\phi}_1 + \hat{h}u''_{b,1} = m_2\left(\hat{\phi}''_2 + \alpha^2\hat{\phi}_2 + \hat{h}u''_{b,2}\right) \qquad (3\text{-}18f)$$

$$\left(\hat{\phi}'''_1 + \Gamma'_{b,1}\hat{\phi}''_1 + u'_{b,1}\hat{f}'_1 - 3\alpha^2\hat{\phi}'_1\right) + i\alpha R\left(u'_{b,1}\hat{\phi}_1 - u_{b,1}\hat{\phi}'_1\right) - m_2\left(\hat{\phi}'''_2 + \Gamma'_{b,2}\hat{\phi}''_2 + u'_{b,2}\hat{f}'_2 - 3\alpha^2\hat{\phi}'_2\right)$$
$$- i\alpha r_2 R\left(u'_{b,2}\phi_2 - u_{b,2}\phi'_2\right) - i\alpha R\left[\left(1 - r_2\right)F + \alpha^2 S\right]\hat{h} = i\alpha Re\left(r_2\hat{\phi}''_2 - \hat{\phi}'_1\right) \qquad (3\text{-}18g)$$

$$\hat{k}_1 = \hat{\varepsilon}_1 = \hat{f}_1 = \hat{k}_2 = \hat{\varepsilon}_2 = \hat{f}_2 = 0 \qquad (3\text{-}18h)$$

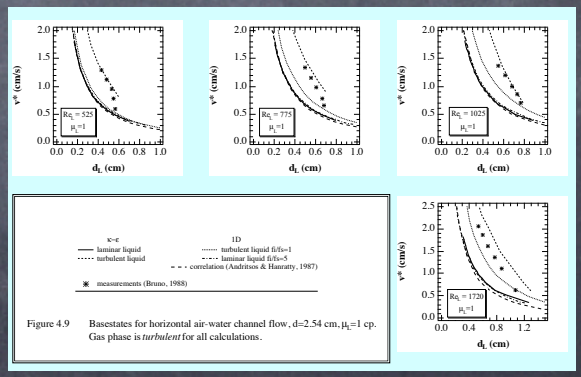


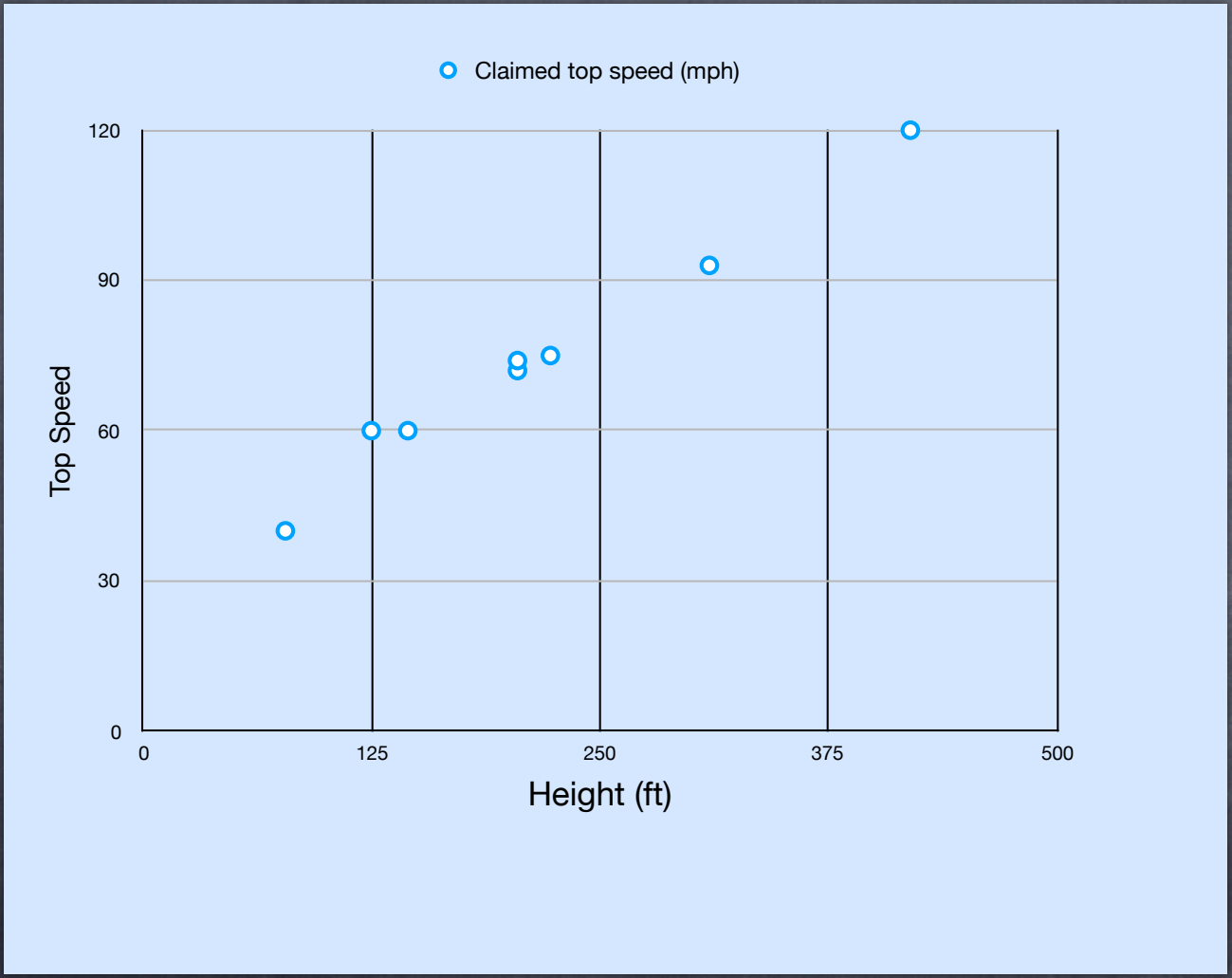
Figure 4.9 Basestates for horizontal air-water channel flow, d=2.54 cm, μ_L=1 cp. Gas phase is *turbulent* for all calculations.

Engineering always involves data:
Cedar Point Coaster Data

Table 1

Coaster name	Height (ft)	Claimed top speed (mph)
mine ride	48.0	40.0
Blue Streak	78.0	40.0
Gemini	125.0	60.0
Raugarou	145.0	60.0
Magnum	205.0	72.0
Steel Vengence	205.0	74.0
Valravan	223.0	75.0
Millennium Force	310.0	93.0
Dragster	420.0	120.0

Cedar Point Coaster Data



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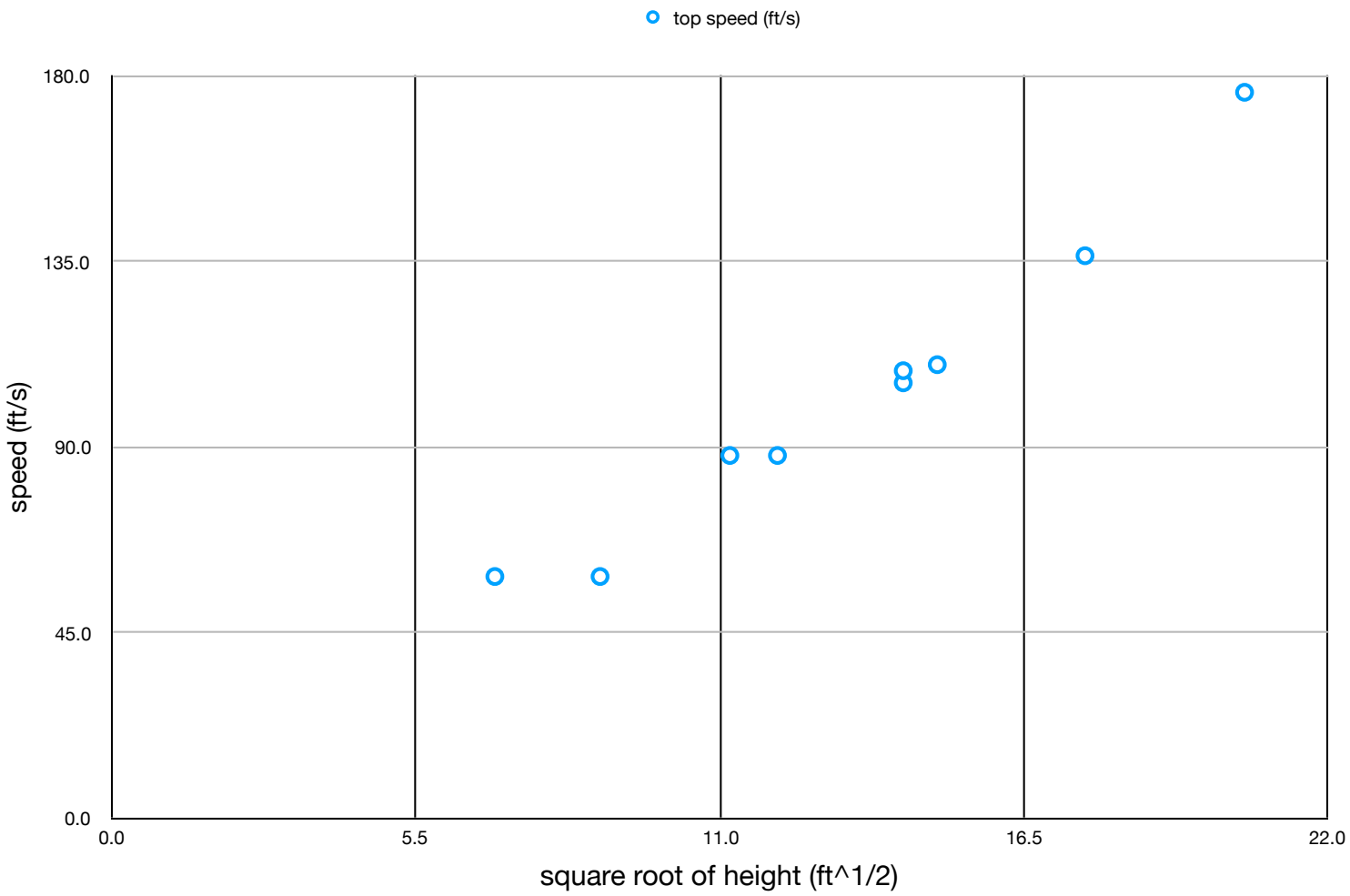
Modified plot



WHAT DO WE KNOW SO FAR?

- If the hill is higher, the top speed is greater.
- If we wish to accurately describe "speed", we need to include the dimensions, "length/time", in some understandable units.
- This could be ft/s, miles/hour, meters/sec, furlongs/fortnight….

ENGINEERS LIKE TO COMPARE THINGS

- If I asked: ".. how far is it to Chicago?"
  - would you answer?
    - "a couple of hours" or...
    - "about 90 miles"
- If I asked: ".. is a meter a long distance?" what would you say
  - "No", compared to the distance to Chicago
  - "Yes", compared to a micron
- For our conclusion to be valid we need to
  - **compare** <u>like</u> (same dimensions) quantities.

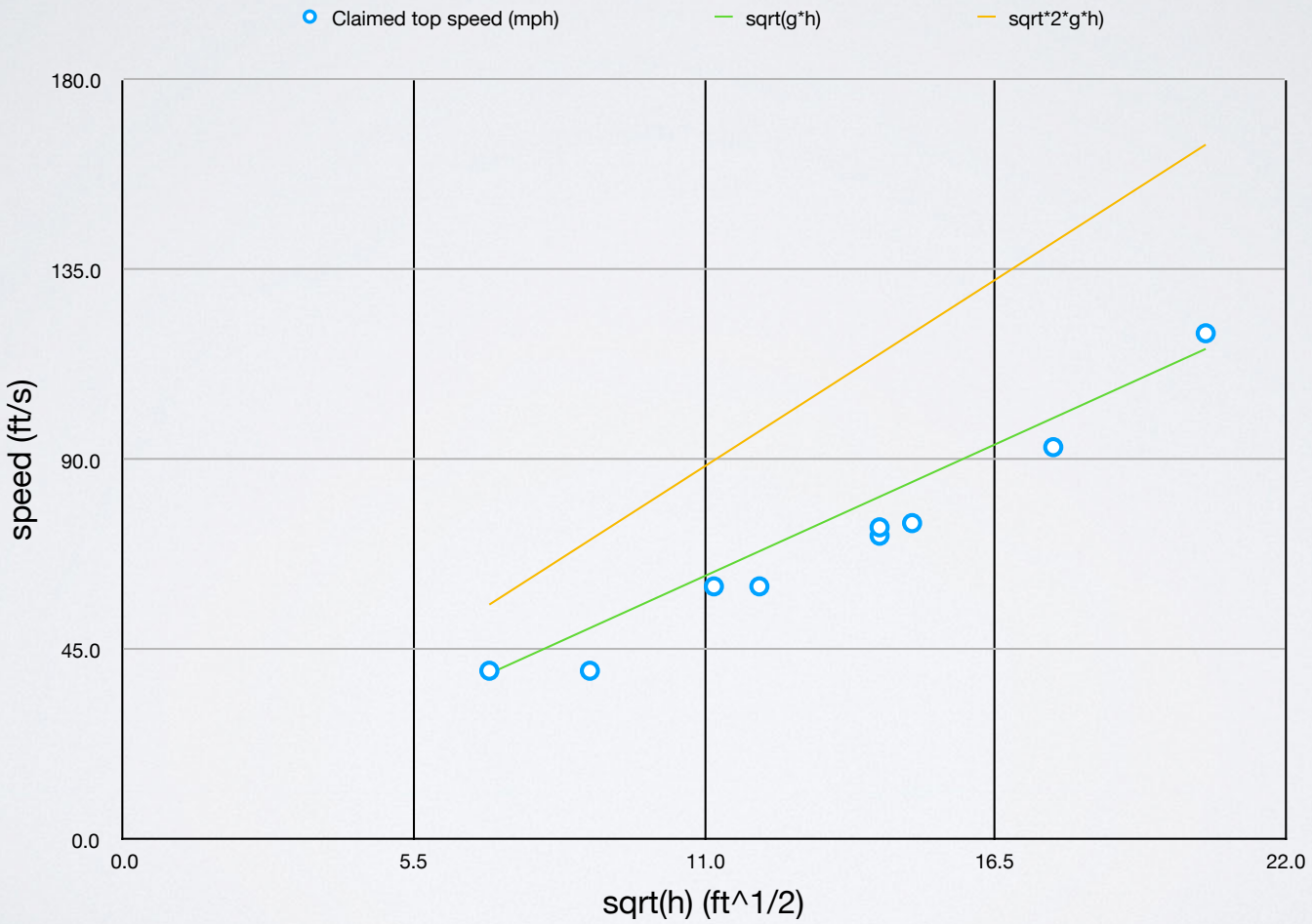
WHAT ELSE DO WE KNOW ?

- If we right a mathematical equation, each side of the equation has to either be "dimensionless" (just numbers!) or the same physical dimensions.
- So, if I make an equation that correctly calculates the speed (from physics), the dimensions need to be length/time on both sides!
- So, which "variables" (physical quantities) must contribute to how fast the roller coaster is going?
  - gravity (length/time^2)?? , height (length)??, mass (mass)?? ????

EQUATION FOR SPEED

- We conclude that to make a speed, v, out of g, h and m?
  - The result is the v ~ Sqrt(g*h)

PLOT OF DATA AND MODEL



EQUATION FOR SPEED

- We conclude that to make a speed, v, out of g, h and m?
  - The result is the v ~ Sqrt(g*h)
  - The actual equation is v = Sqrt(2*g*h)
- So friction is important!
- If you want ever faster, the cost will go up substantially!

Why be an engineer?

https://crossroads.nd.edu

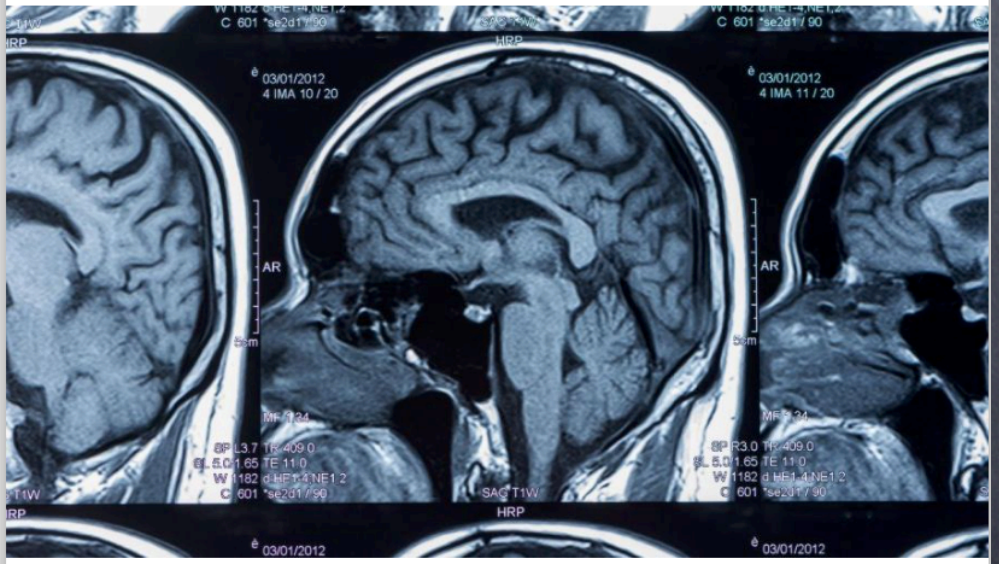
Gene Therapy Hits a Peculiar Roadblock: A Virus Shortage

Nov. 27, 2017

Laboratory technicians working with viral vectors used in gene therapy. Custom-made viruses, required to insert good genes into cells, are in short supply.Phanie/Science Source

First CTE diagnosis on living NFL player confirmed by autopsy, report shows

Fox News



A medical breakthrough in CTE research on NFL players

A new report shows doctors have accurately diagnosed a living former NFL player with chronic traumatic encephalopathy (CTE). How could these new findings help early detection and treatment?

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Why be an engineer?

PERSONAL HEALTH

Unlocking the Secrets of the Microbiome

Paul Rogers

By Jane E. Brody

Nov. 6, 2017

105

Modern technology is making it possible for medical scientists to analyze inhabitants of our innards that most people probably would rather not know about. But the resulting information could one day save your health or even your life.

This is a “systems” problem as much as a biological problem.

How can we keep track of and interpret all of the biological data!

Why be an engineer?

The New York Times

F.D.A. Approves First Gene-Altering Leukemia Treatment, Costing $475,000

A technician working with human cells belonging to cancer patients at Novartis Pharmaceuticals in Morris Plains, N.J. The Food and Drug Administration on Wednesday approved Novartis's gene therapy for leukemia, the first-ever treatment that alters a patient's own cells to fight cancer. Brent Stirton/Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp., via Associated Press

A massive challenge will be scaling up. Currently, each patient requires a team of highly trained, specialized scientists and technicians to re-engineer his T-cells. "If you have 100,000 lung-cancer cases each year, there aren't 100,000 Ph.D.s to grow the cells," Dr. June says. "So it needs to be done with robotics."

No, Actually, probably clever chemical engineering!

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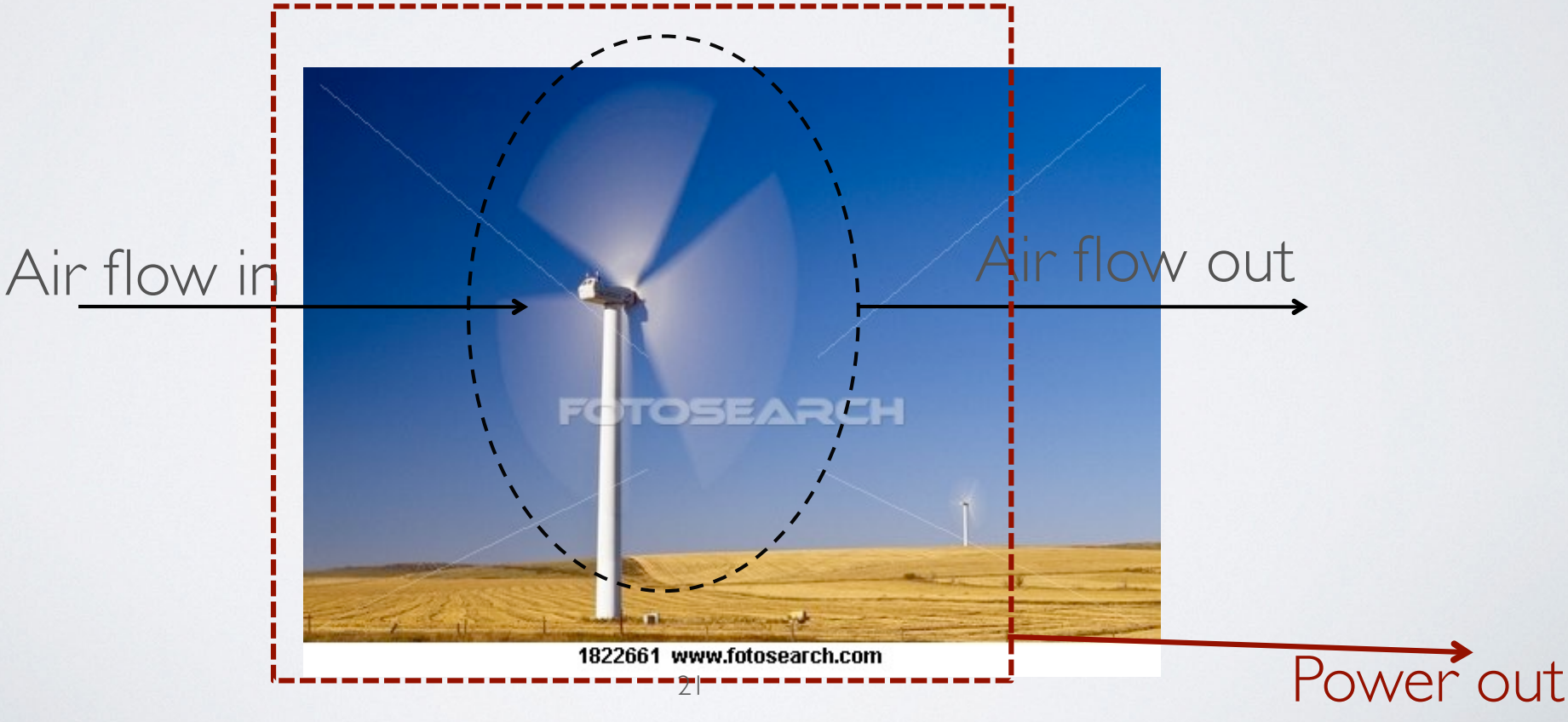
ONE MORE ENGINEERING PROBLEM

- A "field" of 40 wind turbines covers about 1400 acre
- This field is producing **56 MW** of power for a wind speed of 10 m/s (22 mph) — which is about the optimal/maximal value
  - This is .04 MW/acre
    - A coal fired power plant would produce about 10 MW/acre!
- **If the wind speed drops to 5m/s, how much power will the field produce?**

POWER AND WIND SPEED?

- How does the power generated by the windmill change with wind speed?
  - How is power being generated?
    - Wind flows through area swept by blades
    - Windmill converts this kinetic energy to electric power



POWER AND WIND SPEED?

- How does the power generated by the windmill change with wind speed?
  - Let's see if we can figure this out based on dimensional reasoning
    - Power is work/time which is force * distance/time which is mass* acceleration *distance/time
    - Thus we could write

$$power = m\ \ l / t^2 l / t = \frac{ml^2}{t^3}$$

    - What variables could be used?

EQUATION FOR POWER FROM WIND

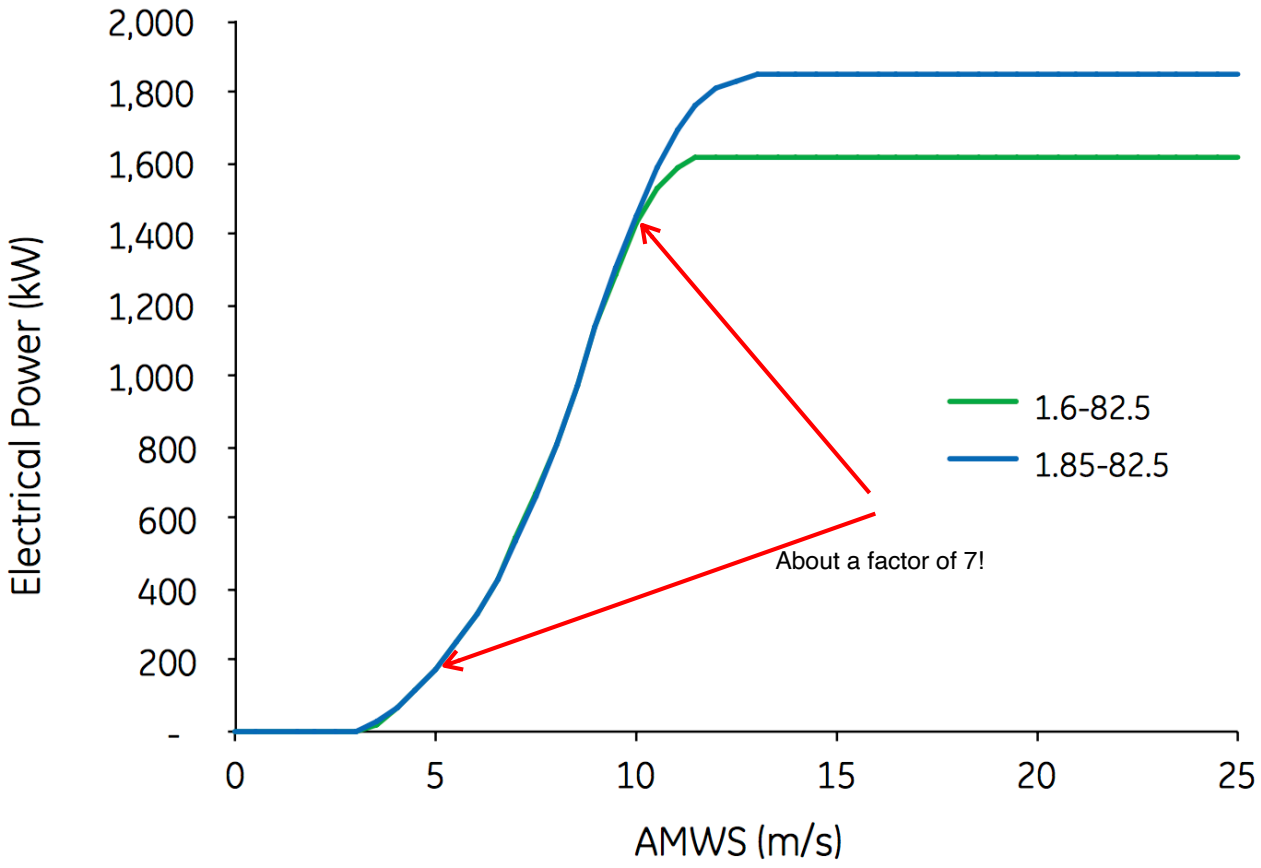
- Windspeed, blade diameter, air density
  - v [=] l/t
  - d, r [=] l
  - Density of air ρ [=] m/l^3
  - Arrange these variables to get dimensions of power:

$$power \sim \rho v^3 d^2 [=] \frac{ml^2}{t^3}$$

  - If the wind speed is cut in half, the power reduced to 1/8!
  - So our 40 wind turbines will produce about….
    - 7 MW!

WIND TURBINE POWER

Power Curve



https://www.gerenewableenergy.com/content/dam/gepower-renewables/global/en_US/downloads/brochures/wind-onshore-turbine-1.85-82.5-gea18755g-r1.pdf

What could be better than…

- A large muffin…
  - Why not even bigger? Can we decide if this is possible?
  - Of course, use the "cooking number"

Cooking Number

- $N_{cooking}$ = ratio of time scales: outside reaction/inside heating

Interior heating

- A cooking time scale for the interior of something is

$$t \sim \frac{C_p l^2 \rho}{k}$$

- in this equation k is the thermal conductivity, ρ is the density, C_p is the heat capacity and l is the length scale of the object.

Surface cooking

- The surface time scale can be the chemical reaction time scale. The exterior cooking could be a chemical reaction time scale for dehydrolysis (removal of water from sugars and starches) If we have

- $$\text{Rate} = K\,C$$

- where C is the concentration for a first order reaction and *K* is the first order rate constant (usually otherwise a lower case k).

Arrhenius Kinetics

- Most (elementary) reactions follow a temperature dependence that is called Arrhenius kinetics:

$$k = A_0 e^{-\frac{E_a}{RT}}$$

- In this equation, k is the reaction rate constant, R is the gas constant, T is absolute temperature, E_a is the activation energy and A_0 is the "pre-exponential" factor that is related to the rate at which molecules can rearrange internally, a normalization number of collisions between molecules for unitary values of concentrations and the efficiency of these collisions (which is again related to the rate of internal

Cooking (continued)

- **The (interior to exterior) cooking ratio is:**

$$\frac{KC_p l^2 \rho}{k}$$

- **Expectation is that for a certain food, this number is universal. That is, for a bigger muffin you would have to use a cooler oven.**

Do we already know everything?

- You might say...
  - "Maybe there is little that I could contribute."
- Over the years, many claims of certainty have proven to be completely wrong!

It is OK to challenge accepted thinking!

- Some things we thought we knew:
  - Margarine was considered a health food
  - Left-handed people die sooner because of the hazards of the right-handed word
  - Stomach Ulcers are caused by stress
  - Plants absorb CO2 and emit O2
  - The adult brain has no capacity to regenerate itself
  - Komodo Dragons bit their prey and waited for them to succumb to bacterial infections

MUCH OF WHAT IS BEING PUBLISHED IS PROBABLY NOT CORRECT!

Essay

Why Most Published Research Findings Are False

John P. A. Ioannidis

Over half of psychology studies fail reproducibility test

Largest replication study to date casts doubt on many published positive results.

Monya Baker

ESSAY

Why Most Clinical Research Is Not Useful

John P. A. Ioannidis[1,2]*

Studies show only 10% of published science articles are reproducible. What is happening?

Posted on May 3, 2012 by Moshe Pritsker

Studies show a very low reproducibility for articles published in scientific journals, often as low as 10-30%. Here is a partial list:

SOME DOUBT BUT…

The Diet-Heart Myth: Cholesterol and Saturated Fat Are Not the Enemy

on APRIL 19, 2013 *by* CHRIS KRESSER 619 *comments*

How did we come to believe saturated fat and cholesterol are bad for us?

17 JUL

325

CHOLESTEROL IS NOT BAD FOR YOU

Home > Blog > Cholesterol is not bad for you

Published on: Wednesday, 27 May, 2015

A sixty-year torrent of bad dietary advice is coming to an end

My Times column on the U-turn over cholesterol and saturated fat:

Cholesterol U-turn as research shows fatty foods might not be bad for us after all

Doctors are now focusing on sugar as the biggest danger to public health

SOME DOUBT?

The U.S. government is poised to withdraw longstanding warnings about cholesterol

By **Peter Whoriskey** February 10, 2015

Time to put eggs back on the menu? (Deb Lindsey for The Washington Post)

Most Read

1. The world's losers are revolting, and Brexit is only the beginning
2. The British are frantically Googling what the E.U. is, hours after voting to leave it
3. Brexit is a reminder that some things just shouldn't be decided by referendum
4. California may have a huge groundwater reserve that nobody knew about
5. Ginsburg smacks down a major abortion myth after historic SCOTUS ruling

LOW FAT?

Four reasons "fat-free" isn't good for you

on MARCH 18, 2013 *by* LIFE WITH GREENS *in* MISLEADING MONDAYS 27

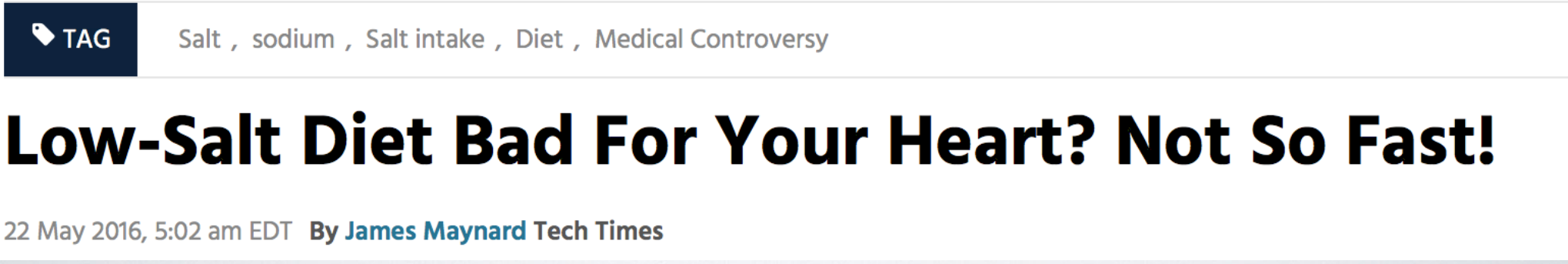
The truth about low-fat foods

Kerry Torrens

Low fat foods stuffed with 'harmful' levels of sugar

SALT?


Go to Well Home
Well
HEART
A Low-Salt Diet May Be Bad for the Heart
By NICHOLAS BAKALAR MAY 25, 2016 1:45 PM 69


TAG
Salt , sodium , Salt intake , Diet , Medical Controversy
Low-Salt Diet Bad For Your Heart? Not So Fast!
22 May 2016, 5:02 am EDT By James Maynard Tech Times

FOR SURE?

MAY 19, 2015 @ 09:53 AM 992,220 VIEWS

The Little Black Book of Billionaire Secre

Updated NASA Data: Global Warming Not Causing Any Polar Ice Retreat

James Taylor, CONTRIBUTOR

I write about energy and environment issues. **FULL BIO**

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Updated data from NASA satellite instruments reveal the Earth's polar ice caps have

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NASA's Operation IceBridge Completes 2016 Arctic Spring...

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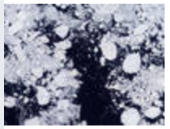
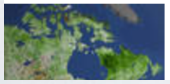


Clouds and Sea Ice: What Satellites Show About Arctic Climate Change

25 days ago



NASA Studies Details of a Greening Arctic

Ice

Oct. 30, 2015

NASA Study: Mass Gains of Antarctic Ice Sheet Greater than Losses

A new NASA study says that an increase in Antarctic snow accumulation that began 10,000 years ago is currently adding enough ice to the continent to outweigh the increased losses from its thinning glaciers.

WE NEED YOU!

- Desperately!

Some thoughts

- You will (soon) actually be in a position to make decisions on your own
  - some of which will determine your future path!
- It is possible that the issue of fulfillment is a bit complex:
  - You may have had discussions with your friends, and with yourself along the lines...
    - Should I try to make a lot of money?
    - Should I try to "save the world"?

RECAP

- Engineering involves analyzing a specific device or system using mathematical analysis based on physical laws or empirical understanding
- All problems of real importance have some degree of uncertainty and so judgement is needed
- Many big questions remain and you can contribute to their solution
- You may find fulfillment in the problems of global importance that are being addressed by engineers!

Dimensionless Confucius Proverb

$$Cr \equiv \frac{How\ \ Smart\ \ You\ Are}{How\ \ Smart\ \ You\ \ Think\ \ You\ \ Are}$$

- He who knows not and knows he knows not is a child, teach him, Cr~1
- He who knows not and knows not he knows not is a fool, shun him, Cr<<1
- He who knows and knows not he knows is asleep, awaken him, Cr>>1
- He who knows and knows he knows is wise, follow him Cr~1